Nature-Based Solutions for Bank Protection along Estuarian Waterways





Fact Sheets

Brushwood training wall Warflether Sand



DESCRIPTION OF THE MEASURE

Dead wood protection measure Brushwood training wall

Reason for implementing the measure Bank protection: beach protection, sediment trap

Bank protection required due to: Ship waves, current loads

Development and maintenance of measure

The bank protection has been in place for several decades and its year of installation is unknown. In 2020 general repair work was carried out. After 3-5 years the area needs to be reworked. In order to restore 10-15 m of the training wall, 6-8 persons per day are required to work under tidal conditions. Ongoing maintenance of the structure is necessary to ensure lasting protection of the nature-based bank design.

The maintenance interval required is 3-5 years; the replacement interval is also 3-5 years.

Key Data

Measure-ID Estuary Waterway Chainage Bank side

Uwe024li 01 01 Weser Lower Weser (5298) Km 23.5 - 24.9 Left

Contact

WSA Weser-Jade-Nordsee, branch office Farge Tel.: 0421 69212-210

Available documentation

Daily reports, photographic documentation

MATERIAL

Material input $7,670.40 \text{ m}^3 \text{ of brushwood: length} = 1,400 \text{ m},$ width = 3.20 m, height of the structure = 0.20-1.60 m

Fascine material Willow, birch, oak, rowan, ash, hazel, beech, mixed hardwood Origin: regional

Pile material Spruce, larch Origin: local, regional

Other construction materials

Steel wire and staples for fixing Origin: national

EXPENDITURE

Work days/person	141
Number of persons	6-14
Construction period	March 2020 to June 2021

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Boundary conditions

CHARACTER OF WATER BODY

Type of water body Main water channel

Characteristic water levels*

Mean tidal range	3.88 m
Mean high water	2.25 m
Mean low water	- 1.64 m

Classification as moderately saline** oligonaline

 * from measurements for the period 01.04.2009-31.03.2019 at the Farge gauge

** from measurements for the period 01.01.2007-31.12.2016 at the Farge measuring station

CHARACTER OF THE RIPARIAN ZONE

River bend Straight bank

Slope inclination 1:5

Dominating soil type Sand

Pollutant load No pollutant load

Natural structures below mean high water Not specified

Natural structures above mean high water Natural bank wall/aggradation

Vegetation Near-natural floodplain forest, mixed forest, reed, rushes, tall forbs

Land use No grassland use Use of the beach by tourists

PROPERTY DATA

Land owner (bank) Land owner (foreshore) Lease German Federal Waterways and Shipping Administration (WSV) WSV No

NATURE CONSERVATION

Special Protection Area No

Special area of conservation under Habitats Directive

Side arms of the River Weser with the island Strohauser Plate and the peninsula Juliusplate (DE2516331)

Natural habitat type under Habitats Directive Estuaries (1130), mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide (1140)

Nature conservation area Tidal Weser (ni_NSG WE 00315)

Legally protected biotopes (Bundesnaturschutzgesetz) According to § 30 (2) no.1: near-natural zones of flowing inland waters incl. their riparian zones

Specially protected flora species Sheep's-bit (*Jasione montana*), small cudweed (*Filago minima*), Early Hair-grass (*Aira praecox*)

Specially protected fauna species European songbirds: among others, reed- and ground-nesting birds

SHIPPING TRAFFIC

Navigation by ships Cargo vessels, recreational ships

Location in relation to navigation channel Facing the navigation channel

Speed limit No speed limit

Shipping traffic parameters*

Number of ships/year	11,275
Mean distance between	
passing ships	148 m
Ship dimensions**	Length > 127 m
	Width > 21 m

*source: AIS data analysis from 2019 **10 % of the largest passing ships