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Ways to Successful Implementation of Nature-Friendly Bank Protections in Tidal Waterways

PIANC Virtual Workshop: Working with Nature for Climate - Resilient Ports and Waterways Session: Scaling Up and Changing Entrenched Current Practice



Near-natural banks in tidal waterways

By maintaining the river banks in a nature-friendly way whenever possible!





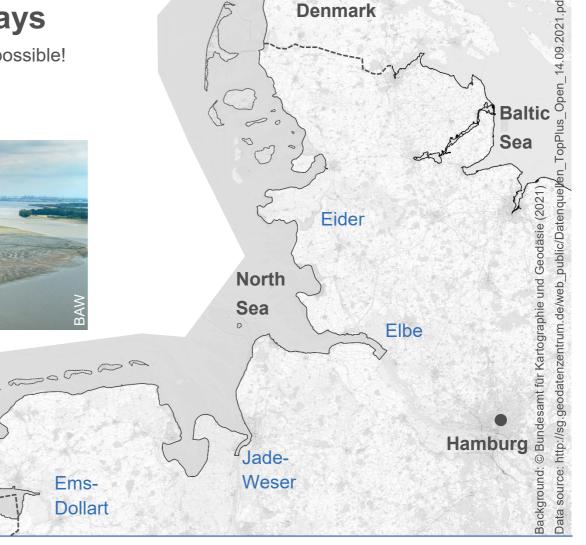


Netherlands

Ems-

Dollart





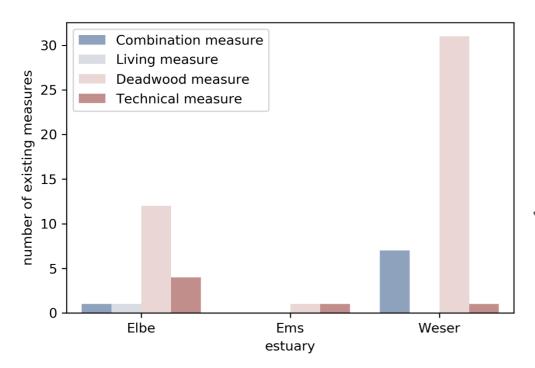
The spectrum of alternative measures in German estuaries

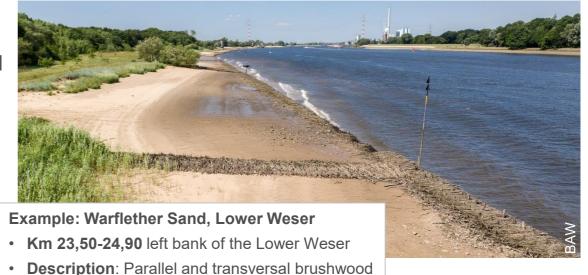


A national database of existing alternative bank protections

 National database of up to 60 existing alternative bank protections in the German North Sea estuaries as well as a corresponding collection of measures along the inland waterways

Website: https://ufersicherung-baw-bfg.baw.de





The majority are bank protections consisting of dead wood

structures for beach protection

Tidal conditions are challenging for living measures

What can we learn from existing measures?

- Alternative bank protections especially consisting out of deadwood - find diverse application in German estuarine waterways
 - Often local materials can be used providing an ecologically friendly and sustainable alternative to rip rap

 However, currently successful and frequent implementation is based on:

Local knowledge, experience and creativity of the local engineering staff



What information is needed to assist planning and implementation?



More information on existing measures:

- Performance
- Durability
- Materials
- Costs
- ...



Boundary conditions of existing measures:

- Local conditions
- Hydrodynamic loads
- Status of the bank
- ...

Compile, provide and preserve existing knowledge and information

Fact sheets for each measure

- Location and Description
- Construction
 - Year of construction, reconstruction intervall
 → durability
 - · Time and personell maintenance effort
- Materials
 - · Origin and amount of used materials
- Costs
- Habitat
 - Present vegetation
 - Protected flora and fauna
- Boundary conditions
 - River course
 - Slope angle
 - Tidal range, mean high and low water level
 - Salinity
 - Sediment type
 - Shipping traffic (qualitative and quantitative)
 - Hydrodynamic loads (so far only qualitative)



Fact sheets and collection of existing bestpractice examples compile experience and research

- → Preserve existing knowledge
- → Provide inspiration and planning aid
- → Convince sceptic practitioners by providing examples

General and specific **monitoring** of existing and upcoming measures

- Investigate performance
- Develop application boundaries
- Understand failure mechanisms
- Optimization potential
- •
- → Provide guidelines for implementation in tidal waterways in Germany



The bigger picture for resilient estuaries...



The bigger picture for resilient estuaries...





Thank you for your attention!

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Project in cooperation with the Federal Institute of Hydrology

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