

Alternative River Bank Protections an appropriate approach to improve river banks along waterways from an ecological point of view?

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Introduction



all large rivers have been severely modified by bank fixation



- new concepts for bank protection which combine navigation issues as well as the improvement of habitat and species diversity
- supported by EU Water Framework Directive (WFD 2000)

Introduction



- different approaches developed by the Federal Waterways Engineering and Research Institute (BAW) and the Federal Institute of Hydrology (BfG)
- tested along different waterways to gain practical experience with these measures under technical as well as ecological aspects

structural improvement of rip rap

technical-biological river bank protection

groyne modifications



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structural improvement of rip rap

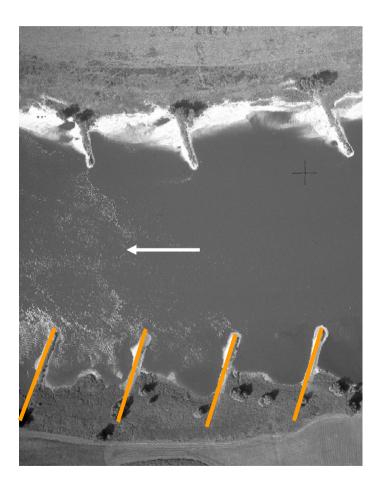
technical-biological river bank protection

Alternative Technical-Biological Bank Protection Measures applied on Inland Waterways - Test Reach along the River Rhine

groyne modifications

Ecological Improvements of Groynes along the River Elbe

Groynes and Groyne Fields



River Elbe is fixed and regulated by ~6900 groynes

inclined form reduces the hydromorphological dynamic

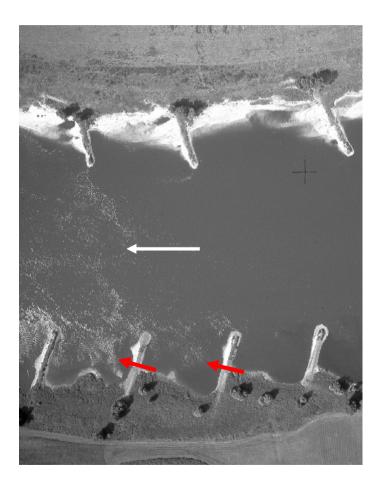
long-term siltation process

BfG and BAW (1999): modification of groynes

aim: increase of velocity and diversity



Groynes with Notches



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inclined form reduces the hydromorphological dynamic

long-term siltation process

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aim: increase of velocity and diversity

3 groynes were installed along the Middle Elbe, km 443,4 – 444,1: 2001 – 2003

Pre- and Postmonitoring: 2000 – 2008

The ground beetle *Bembidion velox* L., 1761

stenotopic riparian

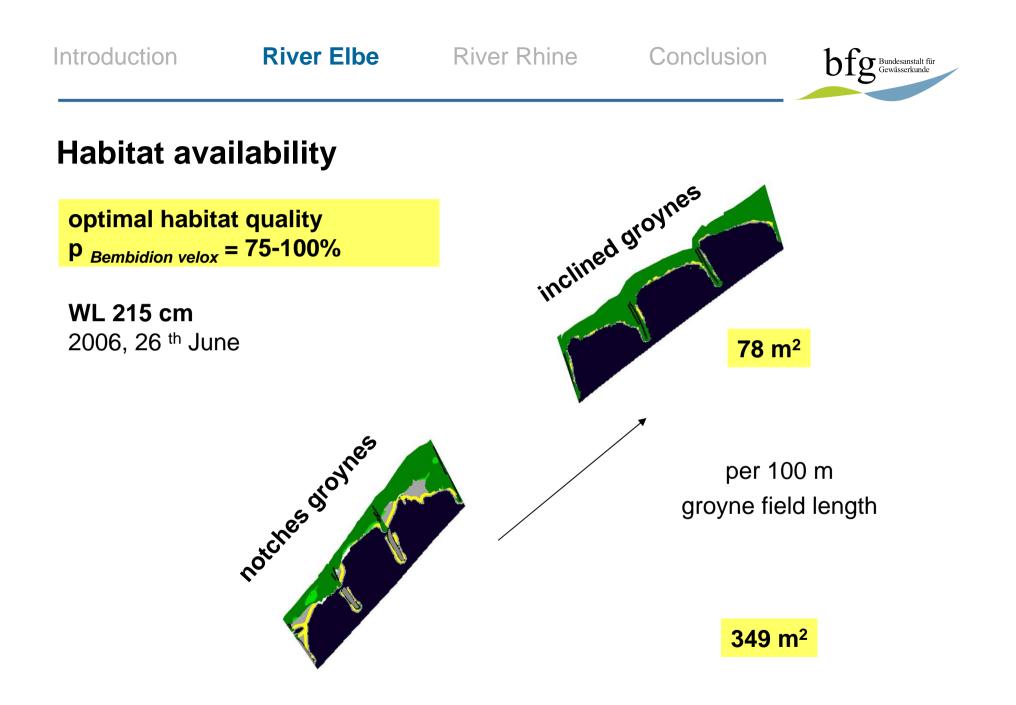
strongly endangered in Germany and Saxony-Anhalt

main distribution at the Middle Elbe River

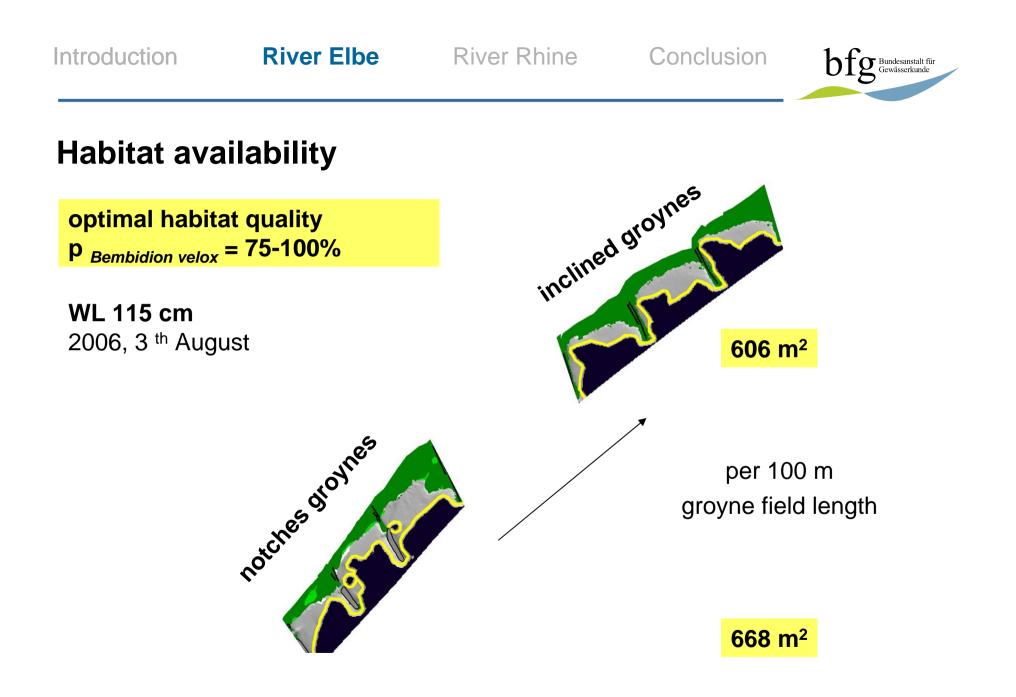
key habitat factors determined by habitat models:

- proximity to water
- sandy soil
- low vegetation cover











Habitat availability

area (m ² per 100 m groyne field length)			
water level (cm)	215	165	115
inclined groynes	78	465	606
notched groynes	349	653	668

In fields with notched groynes more area over a longer period of time is available for population development of *Bembidion velox* than in fields with inclined groynes

Test reach along the River Rhine

Upper Rhine km 440,6 - 441,6, near Worms

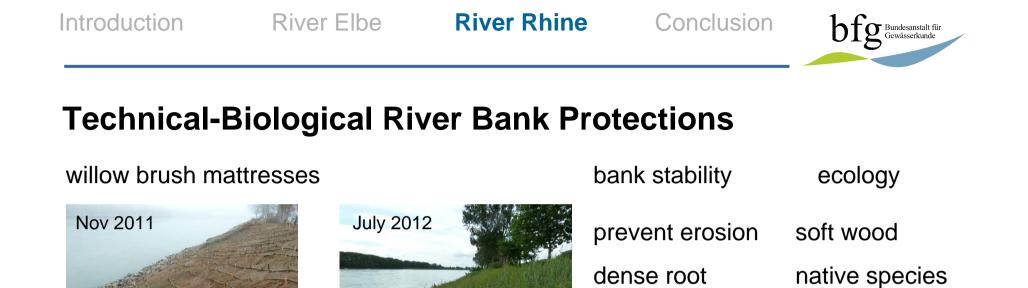
high traffic intensity - about 120 ships daily

measures installed from September to December 2011

- structural improvement of rip rap
- technical-biological river bank protections

Pre- and Postmonitoring until 2016

- bank stability
- ecological potential
- necessary maintenance



system

pre-cultivated plant mats



correct
installationnatural plant
zonationhigh plant vitalitynative species(<?</td>

Structural Improvement of Rip Rap

stone wall with shielded water zone and dead wood trunks with roots

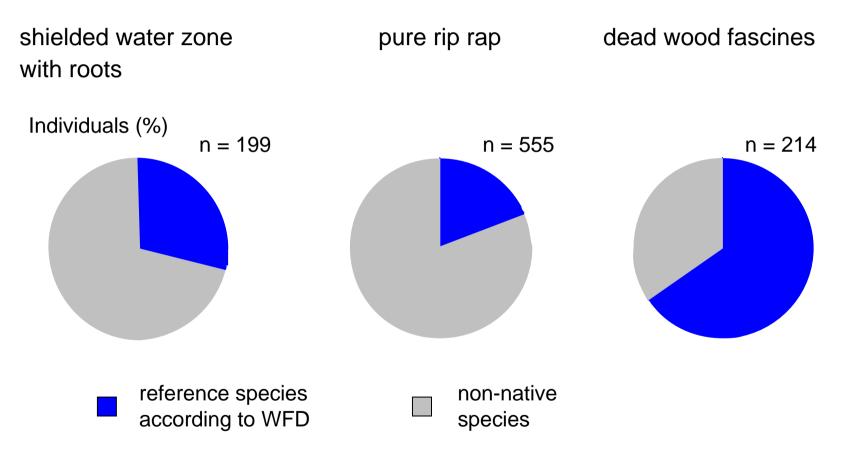
dead wood fascines







Fish assemblages





Alternative bank protections can improve river banks along waterways from an ecological point of view

 habitat availability for the population development of Bembidion velox can be enhanced by notches in the groyne body

extension of the shore line with formation of scours and small sand banks

- even under harsh conditions technical-biological riverbank protection can prevent bank erosion
- woody debris along rip rap favor native fish species over non-native species

Many Thanks!



Ecological improvements of Groynes along the River Elbe

Dr. Andreas Anlauf (BfG)

Bernd Hentschel (BAW)

Uwe Schröder (BfG)

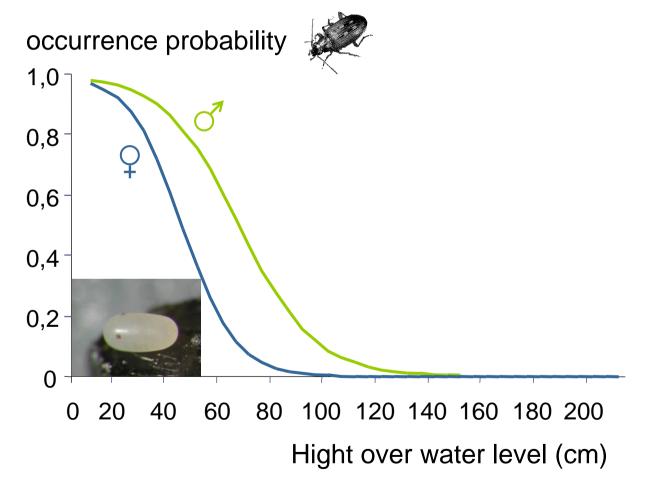
Martin Henning (BAW)

TU Braunschweig Prof. Dr. Larink Prof. Dr. Richter Tobias Münchenberg Alternative Technical-Biological Bank Protection Measures Applied on Inland Waterways

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Riparian species



Kleinwächter & Bürkel (2008) Ecol. Entomol.