

Offshore Wind Energy Foundations Geotextile Sand-Filled Containers as Effective Scour Protection System

Karsten Peters / IMS Ingenieurgesellschaft mbH – Hamburg, Germany

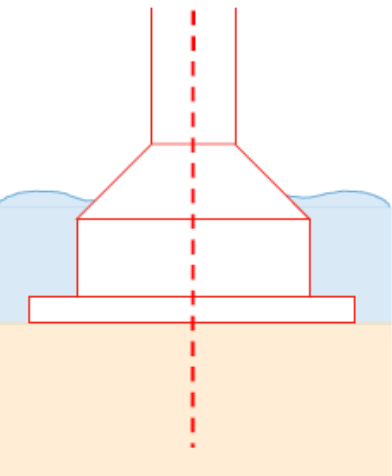
Katja Werth / BBG Bauberatung Geokunststoffe – Espelkamp, Germany



1. Motivation. Why Scour Protection? Processes and Terms of definitions
2. Scour Protection & Materials Methods, geotextile Containers GSC
3. Design Fundamentals Efficiency, hydraulic stability
4. Practical experiences GSC as scour stabilization
5. Conclusion

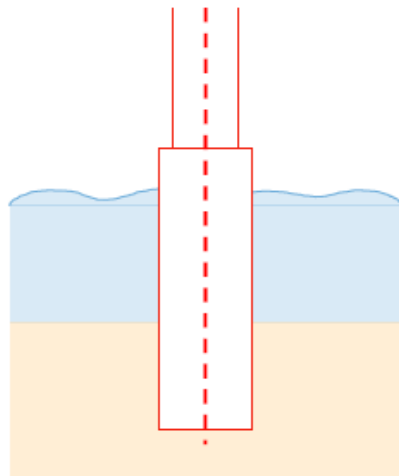
Motivation: Offshore Wind Turbine Foundations

Gravity Foundation



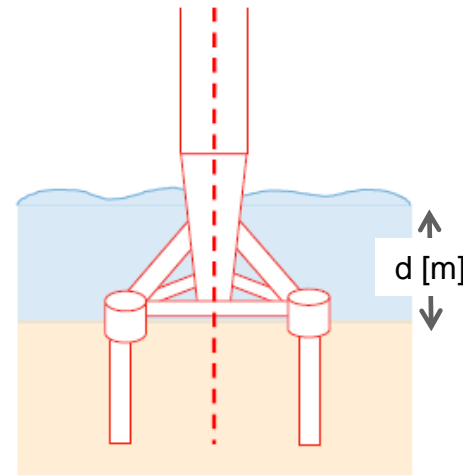
Concrete
 $d \approx 30 \text{ m}$

Monopile Foundation



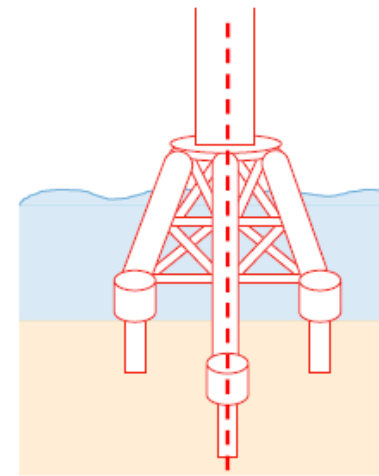
Steel
 $d \approx 25 \text{ m}$
mostly used (67%)

Tripod Foundation



Heavy steel
 $d \approx 35 \text{ m}$

Jacket Foundation

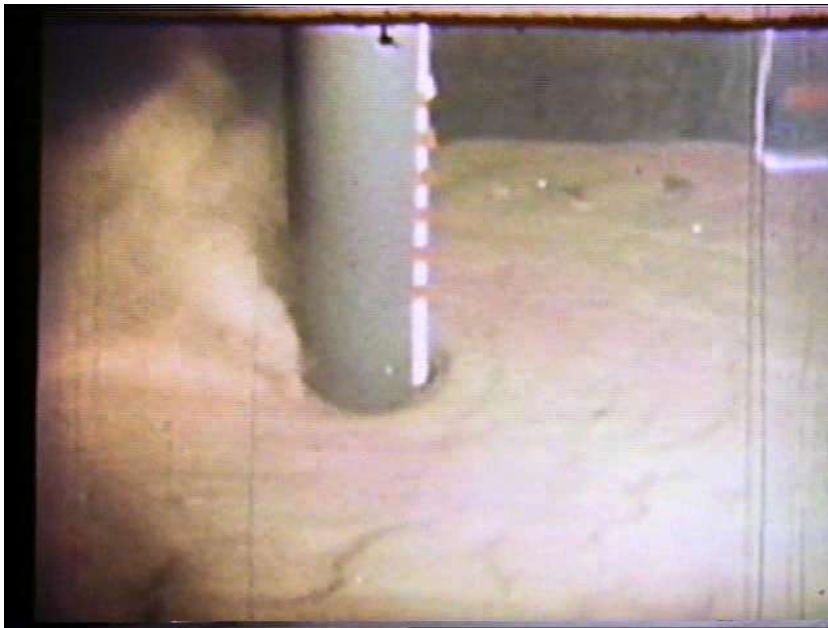


Lattice steel
 $d \approx 45 \text{ m}$

Challenging Renewable Energy

EWEA target for offshore wind energy until 2020: 8,000 to 11,000 foundations
(until 2030: 45,000 OWTs)

Motivation: Scour protection



Unprotected pile
(1978: Model tests by Zanke)

$$S = 1.3 \times D_{\text{pile}}$$

(± 0.7 standard deviation)
Fredsøe & Sumer, 2002

Scour protection **prior** to
Offshore Monopile installation is
recommended:

- Mainly marine sandy bottom: Avoiding scouring
- Offshore maintenance and repair works are expensive

Motivation: Scour protection



Unprotected pile
(1978: Model tests by Zanke)

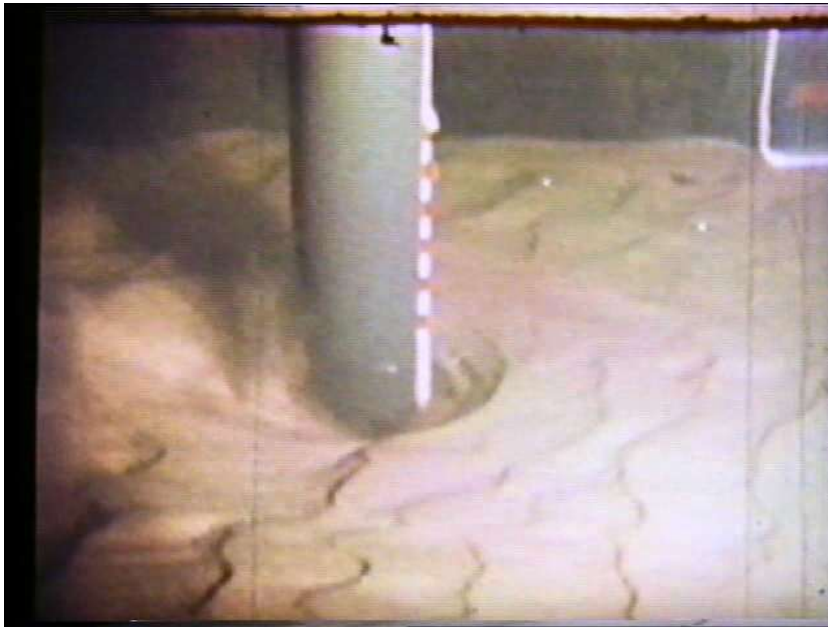
$$S = 1.3 \times D_{\text{pile}}$$

(± 0.7 standard deviation)
Fredsøe & Sumer, 2002

Scour protection **prior** to
Offshore Monopile installation is
recommended:

- Mainly marine sandy bottom: Avoiding scouring
- Offshore maintenance and repair works are expensive

Motivation: Scour protection



Unprotected pile
(1978: Model tests by Zanke)

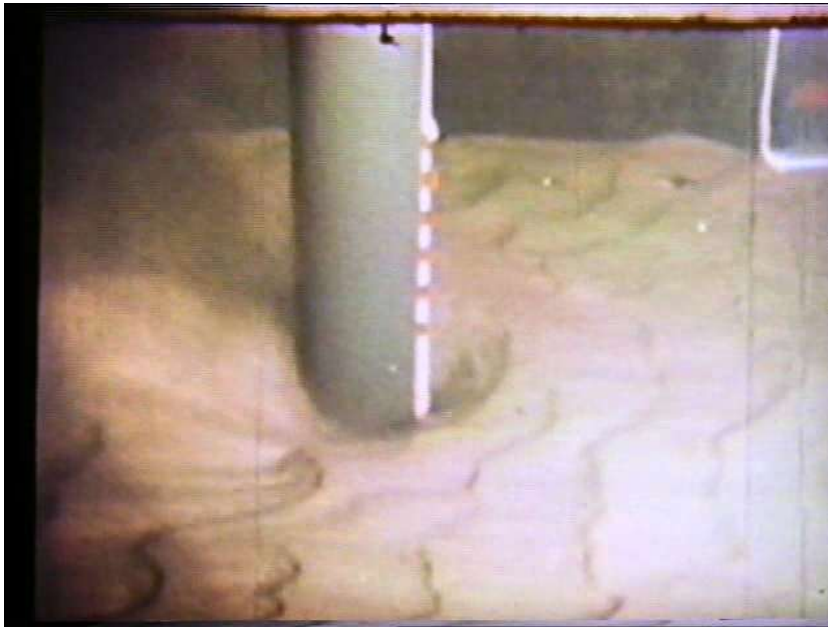
$$S = 1.3 \times D_{\text{pile}}$$

(± 0.7 standard deviation)
Fredsøe & Sumer, 2002

Scour protection **prior** to
Offshore Monopile installation is
recommended:

- Mainly marine sandy bottom: Avoiding scouring
- Offshore maintenance and repair works are expensive

Motivation: Scour protection



Unprotected pile
(1978: Model tests by Zanke)

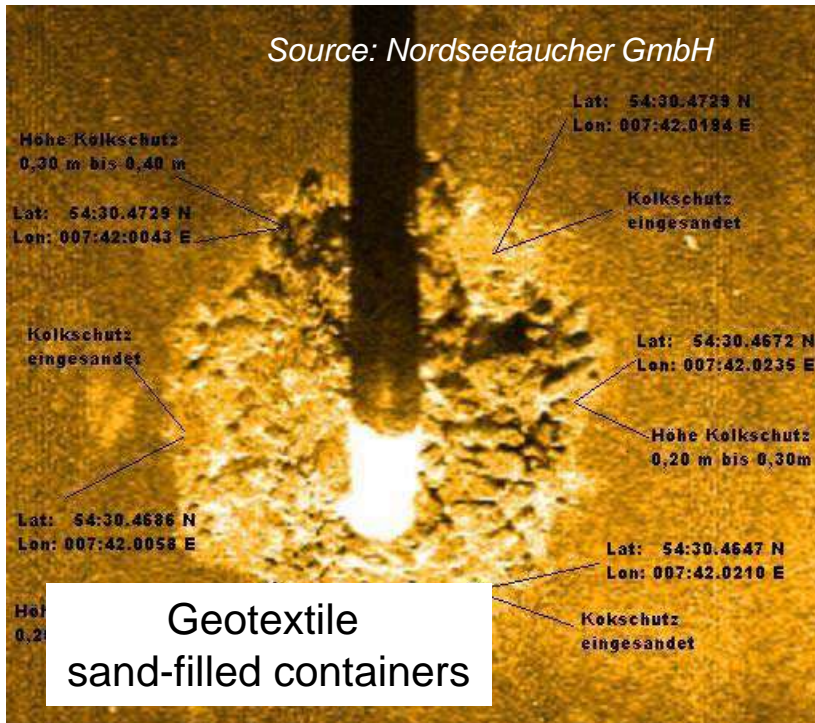
$$S = 1.3 \times D_{\text{pile}}$$

(± 0.7 standard deviation)
Fredsøe & Sumer, 2002

Scour protection **prior** to
Offshore Monopile installation is
recommended:

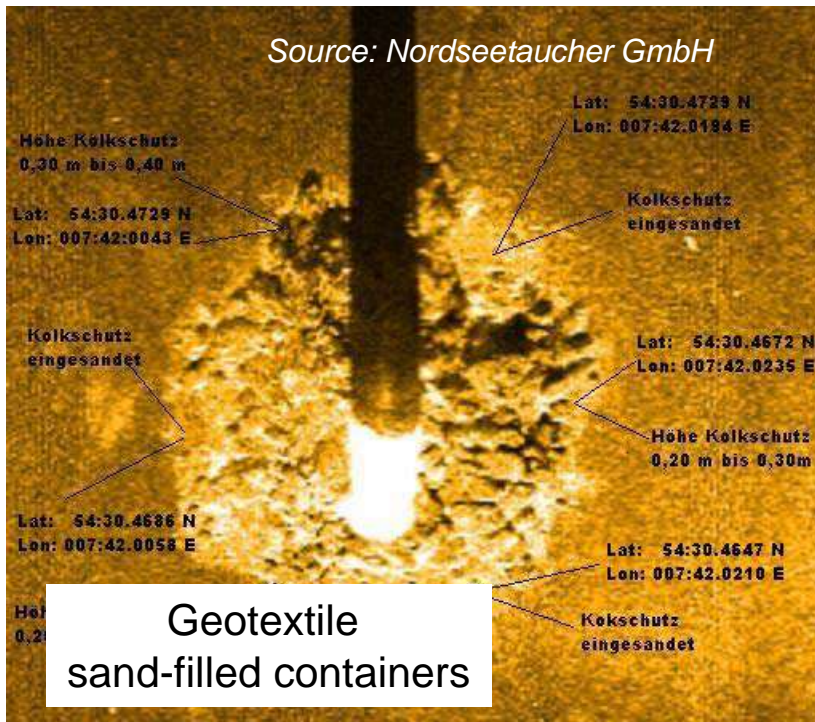
- Mainly marine sandy bottom: Avoiding scouring
- Offshore maintenance and repair works are expensive

Motivation: Scour protection



Protected pile with **G**eotextile **S**and-filled **C**ontainers
(Offshore Met Mast scour protection since 7 years in service, $d = 20$ m)

Motivation: Scour protection



Side-Scan-Sonar
Offshore Met Mast „Amrumbank
West“ / North Sea:

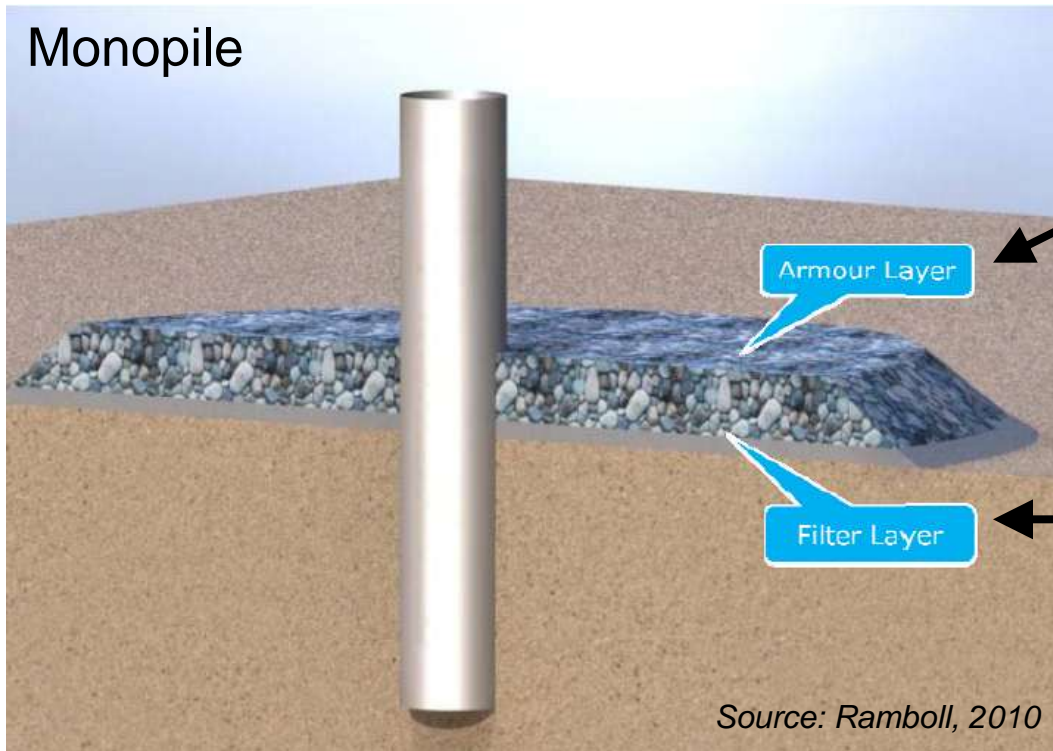
- Protected pile ($\varnothing = 3.50$ m)
- 450 pcs. Geotextile Sand-filled Containers (GSC) made from Nonwoven
- random pattern around the pile at the bottom

Protected pile with **G**eotextile **S**and-filled **C**ontainers

(Offshore Met Mast scour protection since 7 years in service, $d = 20$ m)

Scour Countermeasure Elements

Monopile



Two essential elements:

Armour layer: confining stress against depression and protection against movement of granular filter layer

Filter layer: smaller grained material for bottom stabilization (avoiding sediment movement)

Movable bed/bottom (sandy or silt type soil is encountered and in water depths of approx. 10-25 m)

Geotextile scour protection with GSC

1. **GSC combines filter and armour in one element**
2. High performance thick needle-punched nonwovens for filtration, robustness and abrasion resistance
3. Straightened and simplified construction process (pre-installed)
4. Soft system: No risk of damages for cable devices
5. Flexible system: high adaptability to bottom / bed movement actions
6. Best replication of natural bottom



Secutex Soft Rock

No additional granular layer required!

Geotextile scour protection with GSC

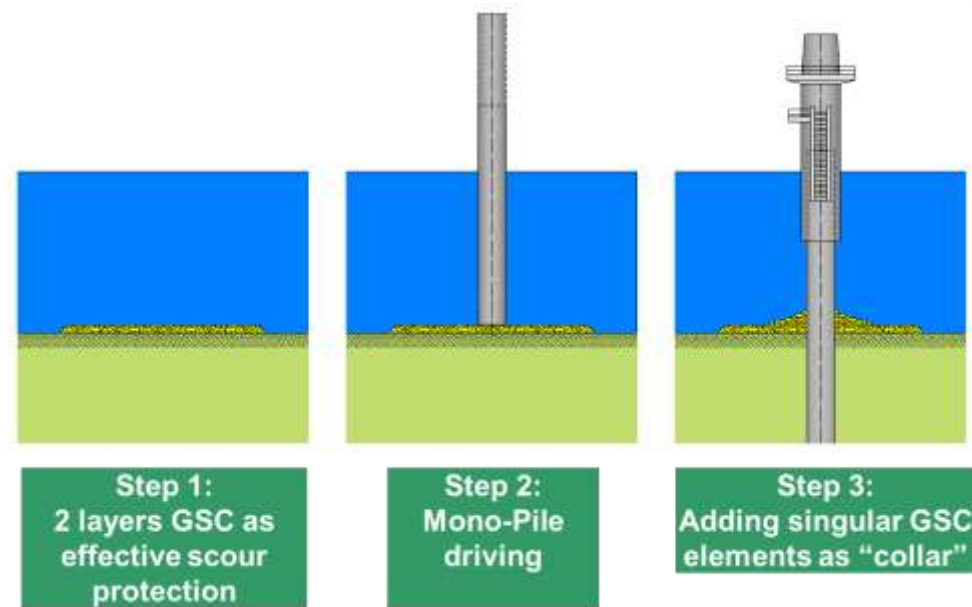
1. GSC combines filter and armour in one element
2. **High performance thick needle-punched nonwovens for filtration, robustness and abrasion resistance**
3. Straightened and simplified construction process (pre-installed)
4. Soft system: No risk of damages for cable devices
5. Flexible system: high adaptability to bottom / bed movement actions
6. Best replication of natural bottom



Main load case: filling and installation phase!

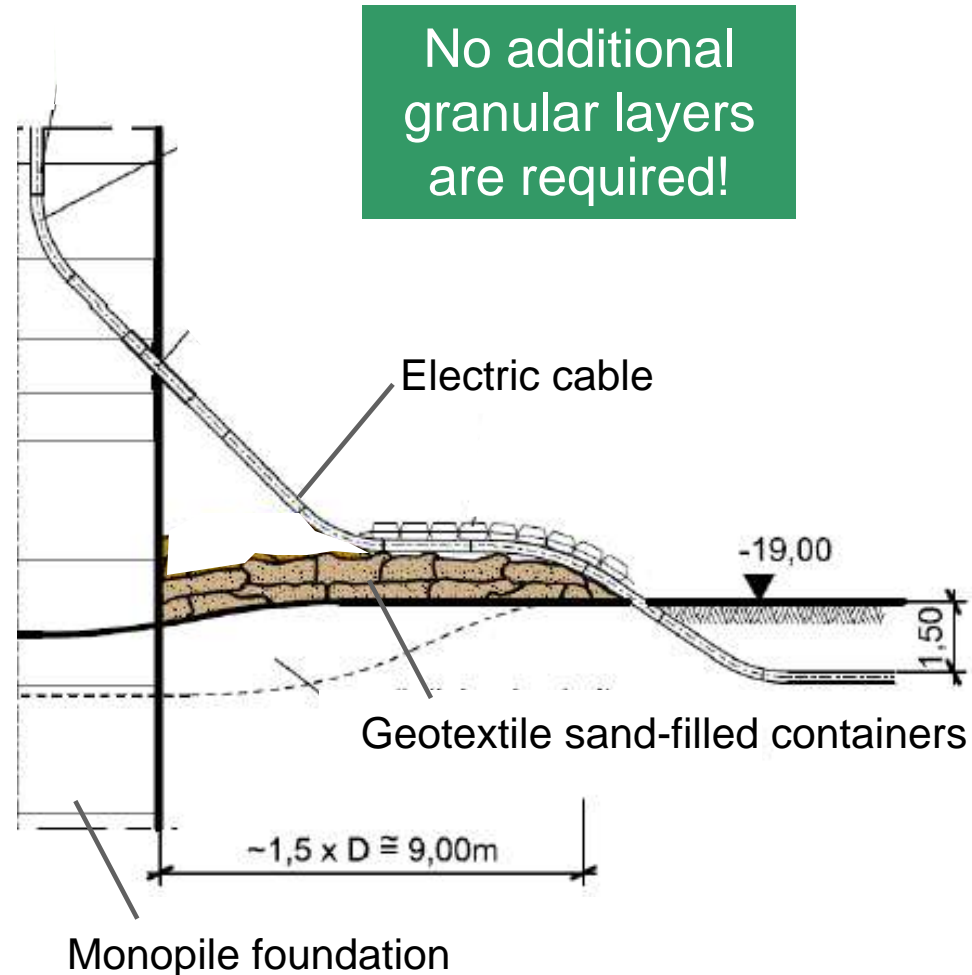
Geotextile scour protection with GSC

1. GSC combines filter and armour in one element
2. High performance thick needle-punched nonwovens for filtration, robustness and abrasion resistance
3. **Straightened and simplified construction process (pre-installed)**
4. Soft system: No risk of damages for cable devices
5. Flexible system: high adaptability to bottom / bed movement actions
6. Best replication of natural bottom



Geotextile scour protection with GSC

1. GSC combines filter and armour in one element
2. High performance thick needle-punched nonwovens for filtration, robustness and abrasion resistance
3. Straightened and simplified construction process (pre-installed)
4. **Soft system: No risk of damages for cable devices**
5. Flexible system: high adaptability to bottom / bed movement actions
6. Best replication of natural bottom



Geotextile scour protection with GSC

1. GSC combines filter and armour in one element
2. High performance thick needle-punched nonwovens for filtration, robustness and abrasion resistance
3. Straightened and simplified construction process (pre-installed)
4. Soft system: No risk of damages for cable devices
5. **Flexible system: high adaptability to bottom / bed movement actions**
6. Best replication of natural bottom

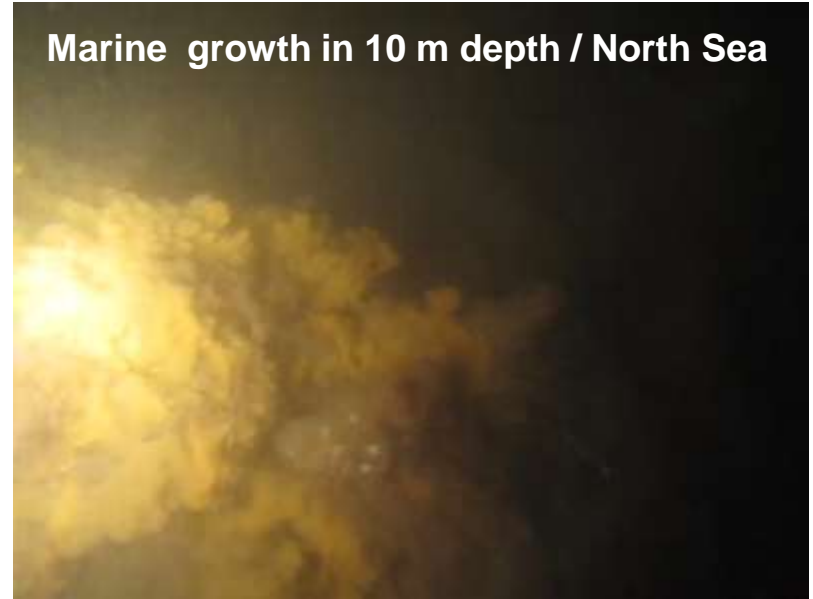


Requirement:
Deformation capability
➔ reached by NP NW (needle-punched nonwovens)

Geotextile scour protection with GSC

1. GSC combines filter and armour in one element
2. High performance thick needle-punched nonwovens for filtration, robustness and abrasion resistance
3. Straightened and simplified construction process (pre-installed)
4. Soft system: No risk of damages for cable devices
5. Flexible system: high adaptability to bottom / bed movement actions
6. **Best replication of natural bottom**

Marine growth in 10 m depth / North Sea

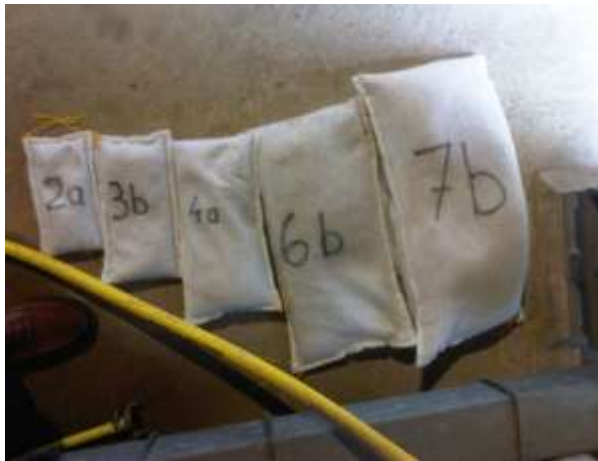


Source: Ingenieurbüro Mohn

Basic Design Rules

- Required GSC fill volume → sufficient weight of GSC

Model scale 1:17



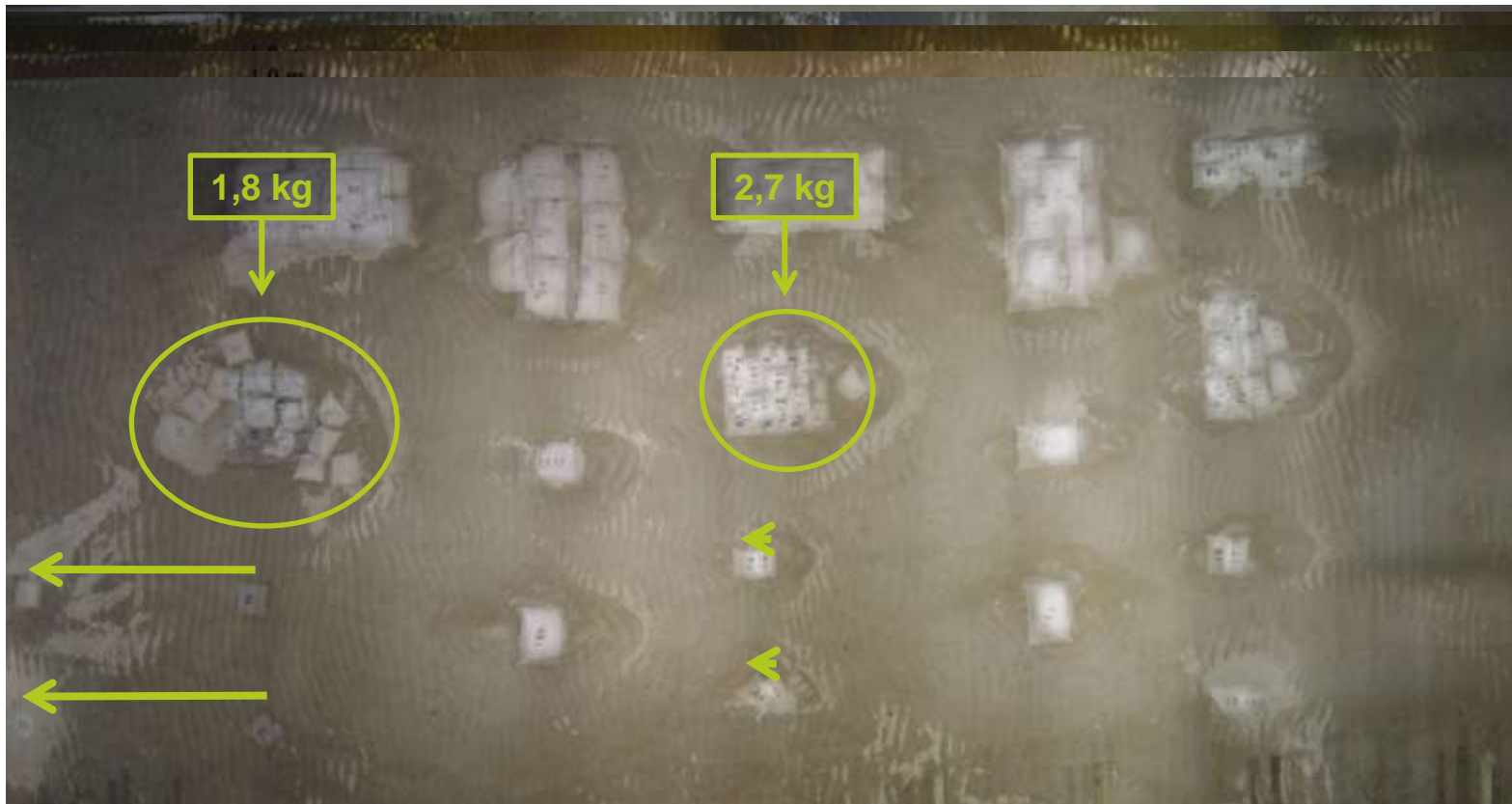
Natural scale 1:1



Rule of thumb for OWT scour protection:
„As large as necessary, as small as possible“

Basic Design Rules

- Required GSC fill volume → sufficient weight of GSC
- Model scale: 1:17 - $H_s = 10.8\text{m}$, $T_p = 13.8\text{s}$, $d = 37.5\text{ m}$, Regular waves and JONSWAP spectra - No tidal currents



Source: Wilms, Wahrmund, Stahlmann, Heitz, Schlurmann (2011)

Experimental results – GSC as scour protection (I/II)

- Required fill volume → sufficient weight of GSC
- Location: 34 km NW of Sylt / North Sea
- Water depth: $d = 21$ m
- Pile diameter: $D = 5.5$ m
- Design wave: $H = 12.5$ m;
 $T = 14$ s
- Protection with NWSC
- Scope: Verification in model scale 1:10



Source: Sparboom et al. (2007ff)

Large-scale investigations on scour
protection for monopile foundations
For offshore wind foundations



Coastal Research Center
(FZK)
Large Wave Flume (GWK)
Hannover

Experimental results – GSC as scour protection (I/II)

- Required fill volume → sufficient weight of GSC

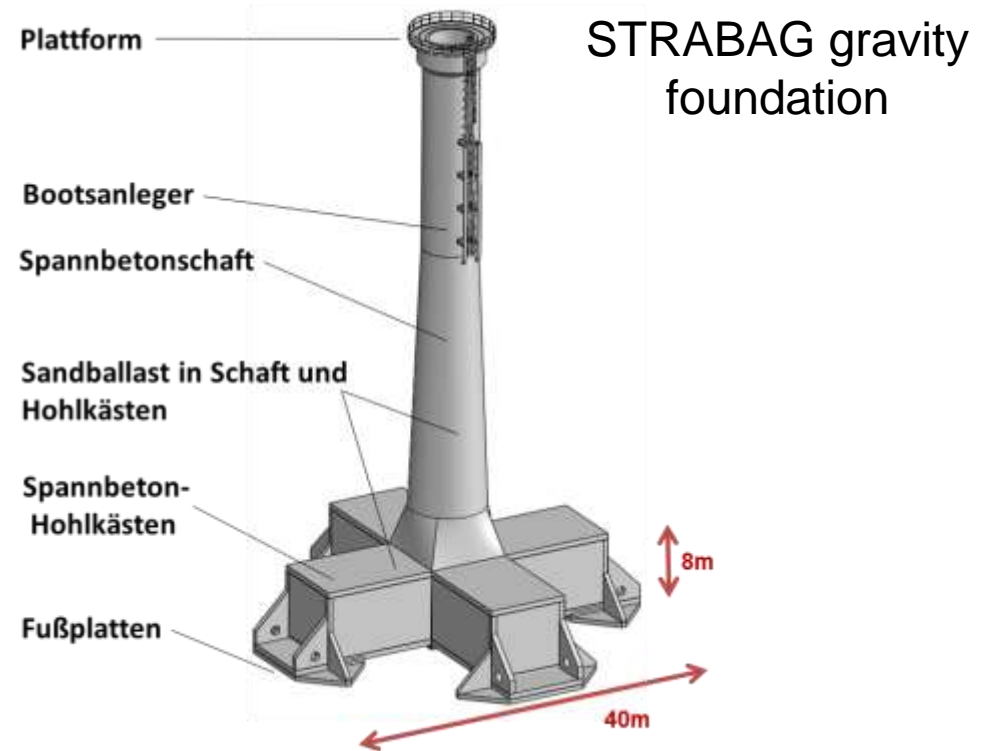


Results:

1. High fill rate (against internal sediment movement) provides higher hydraulic stability against displacement
2. Randomly placed GSC provide higher stability than regularly placed GSC
3. fill rate $\geq 85\%$, **weight ~ 3.5 tonnes**

Experimental results – GSC as scour protection (II/II)

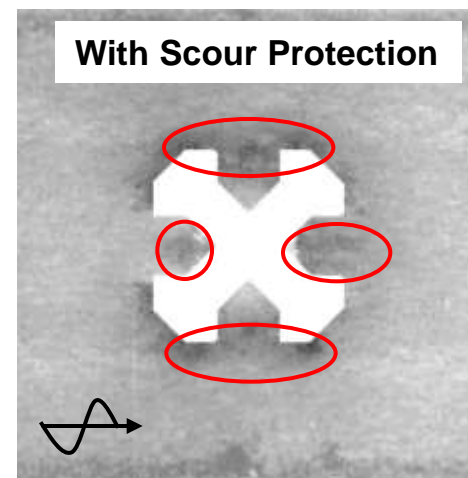
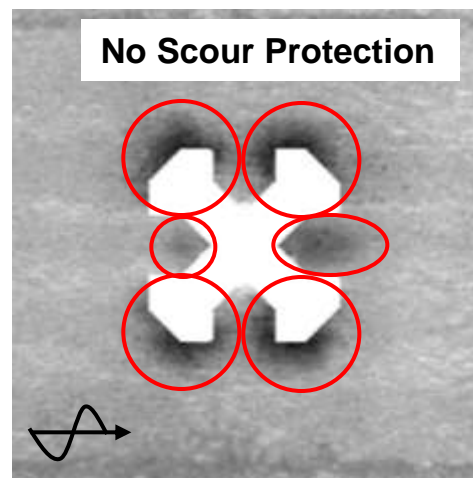
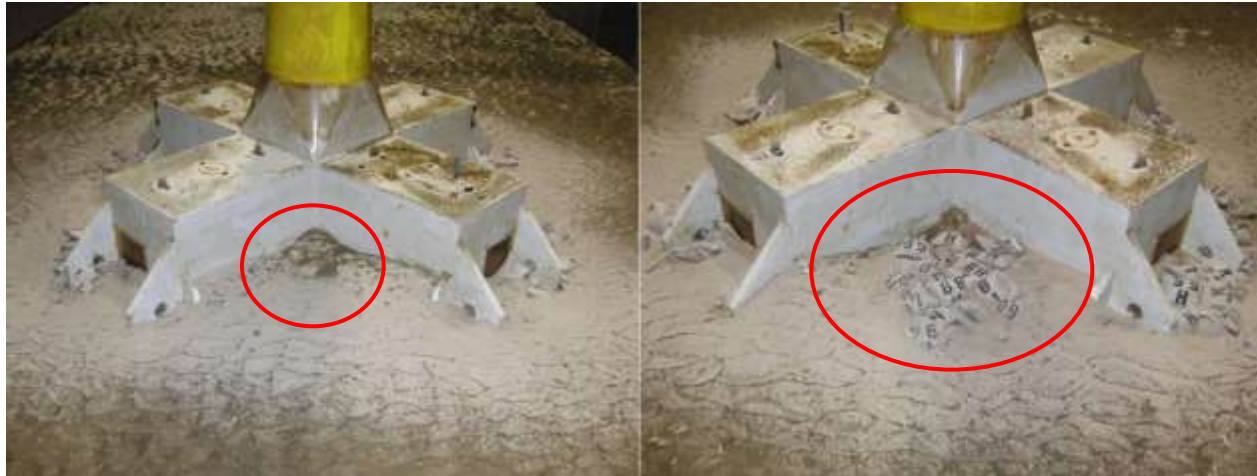
- Required fill volume → sufficient weight of GSC



Source: Wilms, Wahrmund, Stahlmann, Heitz, Schlurmann (2011)

Experimental results – GSC as scour protection (II/II)

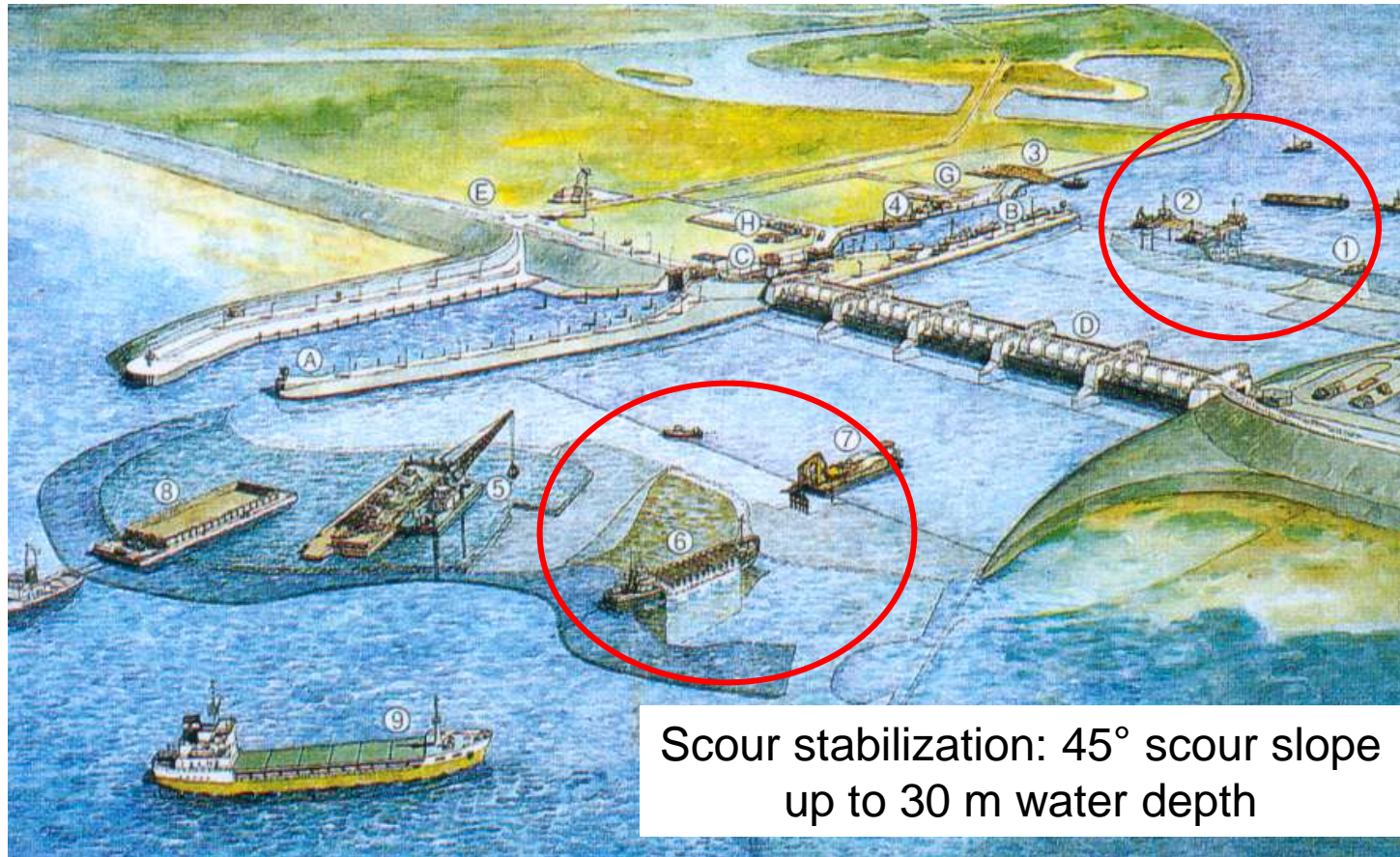
- Required fill volume → sufficient weight of GSC



Source:
Wilms, Wahrmund,
Stahlmann, Heitz,
Schlurmann (2011)

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (I/II)

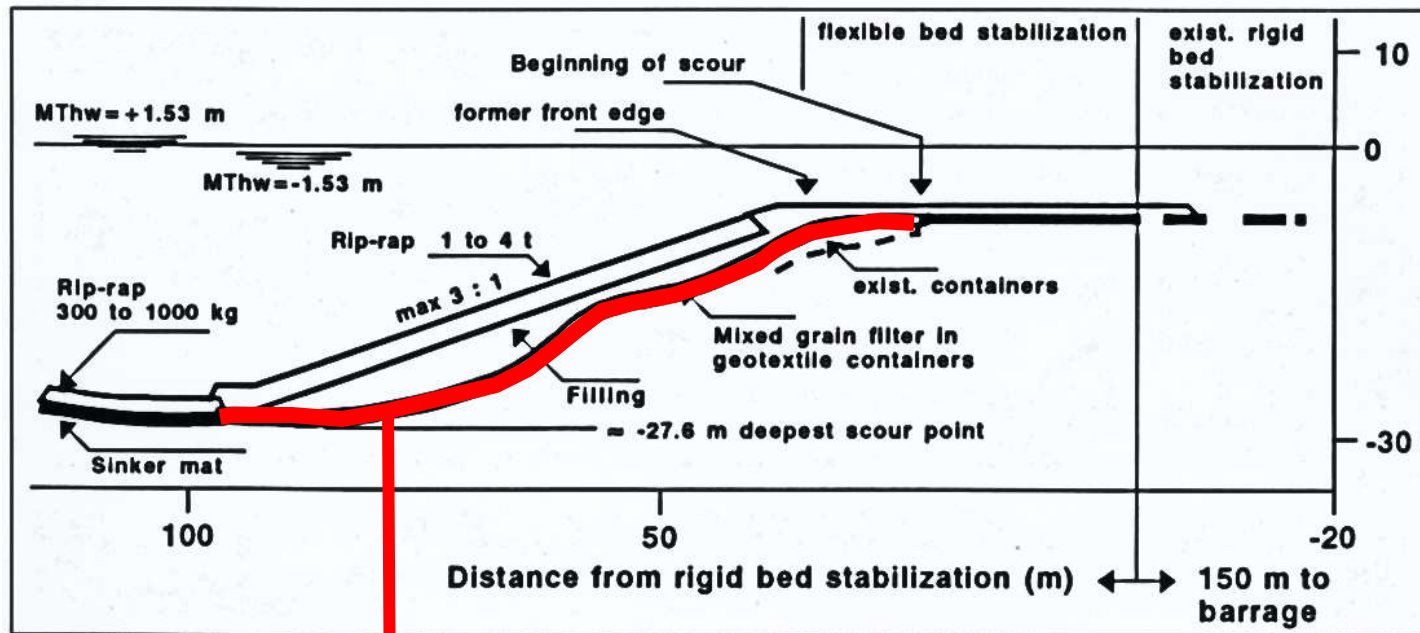
- Germany's most severe scour problems / North Sea storm flood barrage (1993)



Source: contractor group (ARGE) Eidersperrwerk

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (I/II)

- Germany's most severe scour problems / North Sea storm flood barrage (1993)



Unexpected
success

- Question:** How to install a granular filter layer 2/150 mm in 30 m depth without segregation?
- Solution:** Encapsulation into 48,000 nonwoven GSC / dumped from water surface.

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (I/II)

- Germany's most severe scour problems / North Sea storm flood barrage (1993)

Filling (movable twin fill device)



Sources: Boskalis Hirdes & NAUE

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (I/II)

- Germany's most severe scour problems / North Sea storm flood barrage (1993)



Installation with stone dumping vessel - daily rate = 700 NWSC

Sources: Boskalis Hirdes & NAUE

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (I/II)

- Germany's most severe scour problems / North Sea storm flood barrage (1993)



Total amount **nonwoven** NWSC: **48,000**

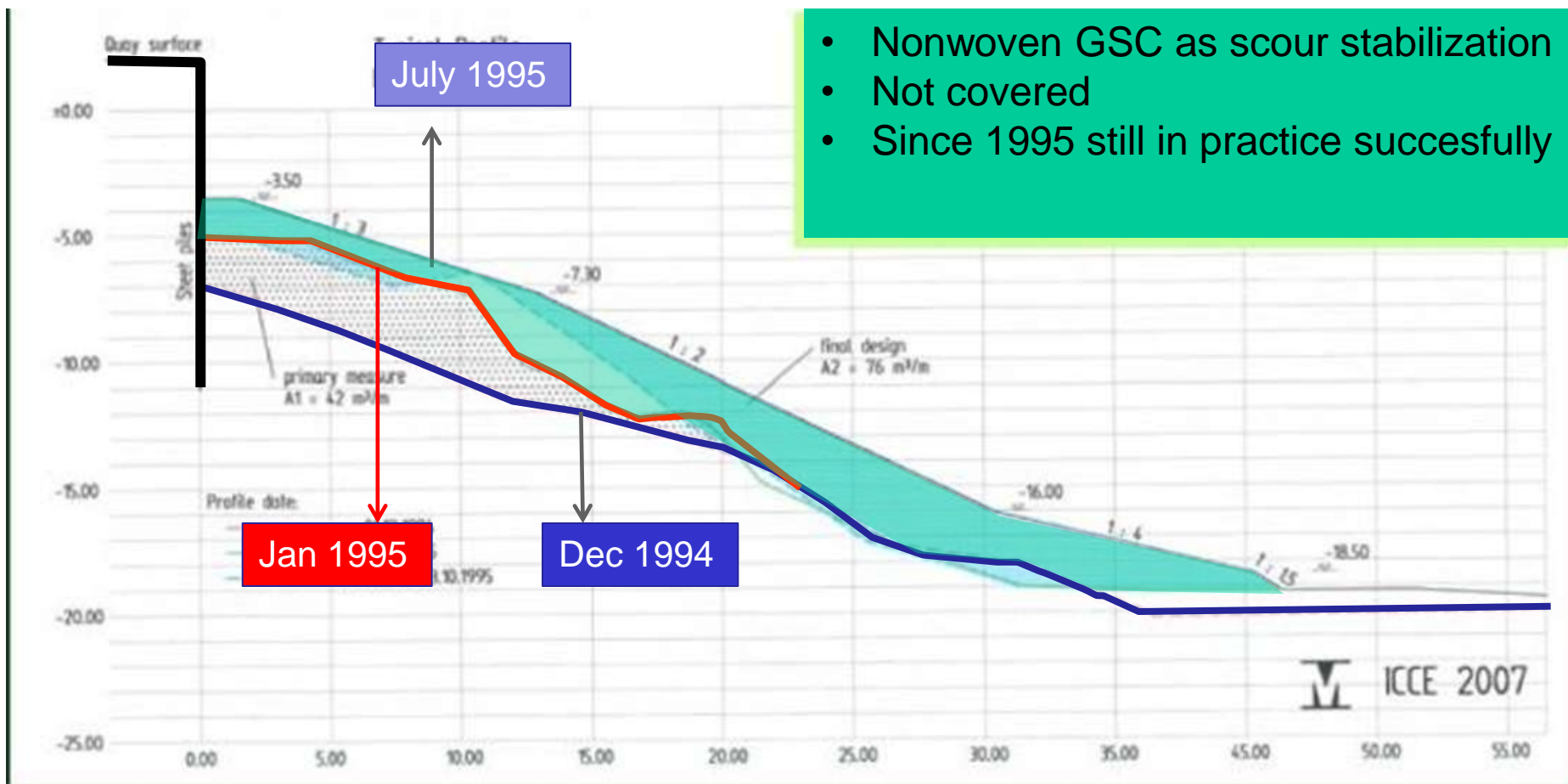
Installation period: April – August 1993

Less than a number of **10** GSC were damaged!!

Sources: Boskalis Hirdes & NAUE

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (II/II)

- Quay wall island Sylt / North Sea / Germany (1994) – 23,000 GSC



- Nonwoven GSC as scour stabilization
- Not covered
- Since 1995 still in practice successfully

Experiences by practice – GSC as scour stabilization (II/II)

- Quay wall island Sylt / North Sea / Germany (1994) – 23,000 GSC



Source: NAUE GmbH & Co. KG

Conclusion

- Geotextile sand-filled containers (GSC) made of
 - ... needle-punched filter nonwoven (NWSC),
 - ... filled with soil (sand) with a volume $V \geq 1 \text{ m}^3$,
 - ... installed randomly,
 - ... in a minimum two-layer-system prior to
 - ... pile driving
- provide an **effective scour protection** system for offshore wind turbine foundations **without** any additional granular filter or armour layers.

Thank you for your kind attention!



For more information, please visit our booth!

kwert@bbgeo.com

